



Representing Natural Kinds by Spatial Inclusion and Containment

Stefan Schulz



UNIVERSITÄTS
FREIBURG KLINIKUM

Medical Informatics, Freiburg University, Germany
<http://www.imbi.uni-freiburg.de/medinf>

Udo Hahn



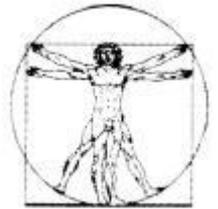
Language and Information Engineering (JULIE) Lab,
Jena University, Germany

Ontologies of Biological Structure

- Representation of Physical Parts of Organisms
- Large terminological repositories in biology exist and grow ...

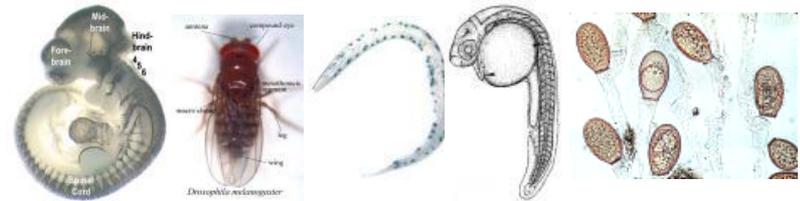
- Foundational Model of Anatomy: Human

sig.biostr.washington.edu/projects/fm/



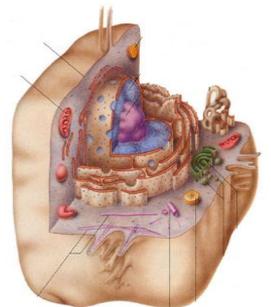
- Open Biological Ontologies (OBO): Mouse, Fly, Fish, Worm, Fungi, ...

obo.sourceforge.net



- Gene Ontology (GO) cellular component: Species independent

www.geneontology.org/



- [-] ⓘ GO:0005575 : cellular_component (80819) 🌐
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005623 : cell (57332) 🌐
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005933 : bud (244)
 - ⓘ GO:0043025 : cell body (3)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0000267 : cell fraction (1568)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0042995 : cell projection (393)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0009986 : cell surface (359)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0030312 : external encapsulating structure (361)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0042763 : immature spore (17)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005622 : intracellular (46676) 🌐
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0045177 : apical part of cell (78)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005930 : axoneme (59)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0045178 : basal part of cell (22)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005938 : cell cortex (379)
 - ⓘ GO:0046858 : chlorosome (0)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005694 : chromosome (1340)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005929 : cilium (57)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0000307 : cyclin-dependent protein kinase holoenzyme complex (40)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005737 : cytoplasm (36347) 🌐
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0009317 : acetyl-CoA carboxylase complex (27)
 - ⓘ GO:0020022 : acidocalcisome (0)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0030929 : ADPG pyrophosphorylase complex (1)
 - ⓘ GO:0030877 : beta-catenin destruction complex (1)
 - ⓘ GO:0009504 : cell plate (6)
 - ⓘ GO:0009346 : citrate lyase complex (9)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0000229 : cytoplasmic chromosome (4)
 - ⓘ GO:0000308 : cytoplasmic cyclin-dependent protein kinase holoenzyme complex
 - ⓘ GO:0000177 : cytoplasmic exosome (RNase complex) (29)
 - ⓘ GO:0000932 : cytoplasmic mRNA processing complex (1)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0000153 : cytoplasmic ubiquitin ligase complex (71)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0016023 : cytoplasmic vesicle (4349)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0005856 : cytoskeleton (2035) 🌐
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0015629 : actin cytoskeleton (829)
 - ⓘ GO:0001533 : cornified envelope (24)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0030863 : cortical cytoskeleton (149)
 - [-] ⓘ GO:0045111 : intermediate filament cytoskeleton (132)

Cyclin-dependent protein kinase (CDK) complex found in cytoplasm.

Canonical Representation of Mereotopological Structure

- *rel (Class₁ ,Class₂) , e.g.*
part-of (CellNucleus, Cell)

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- Open questions:
 - What is the meaning of mereotopological relations in Biology
 - Class level reading of mereotopological relations, how to interpret ?

Canonical Representation of Mereotopological Structure

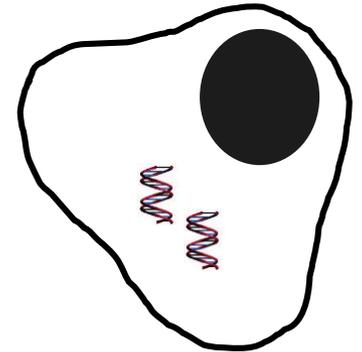
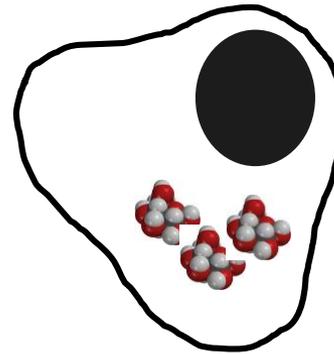
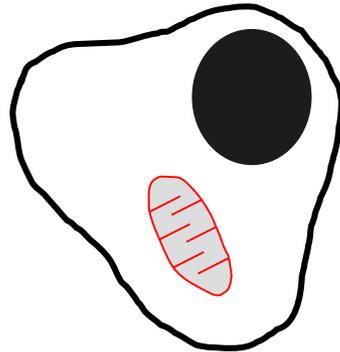
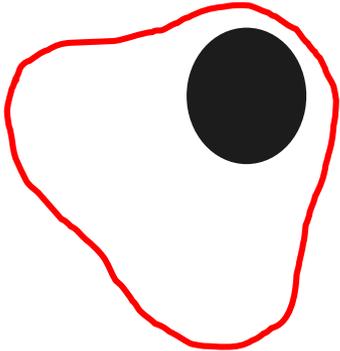
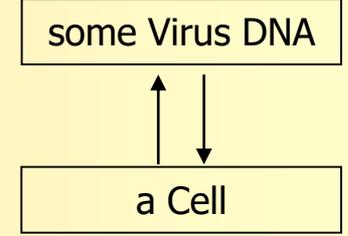
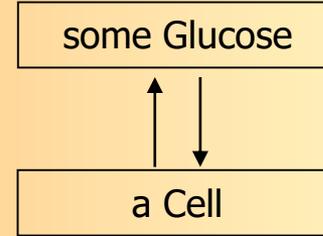
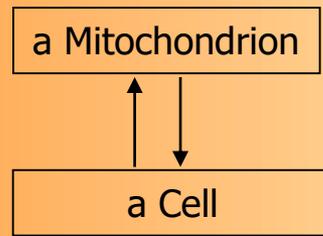
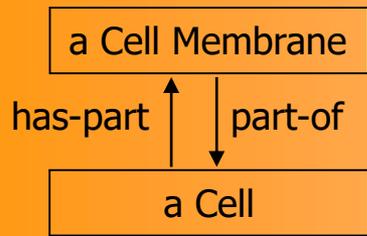
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Fuzziness of Mereotopological Relations in Biology

Parthood

continuum...

Containment

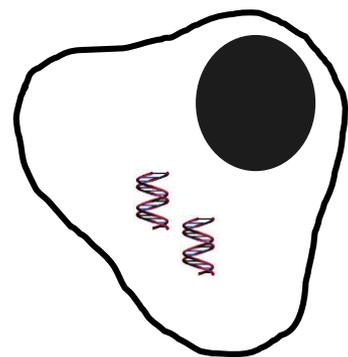
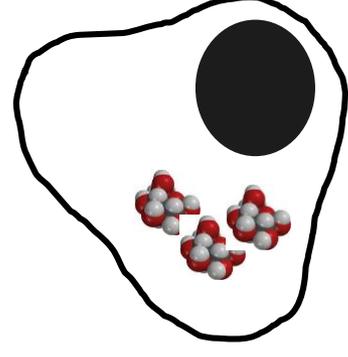
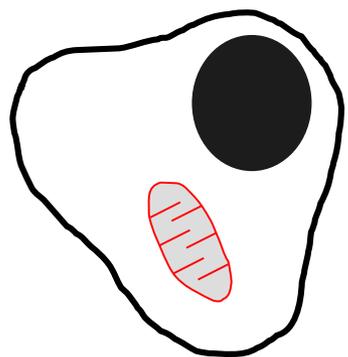
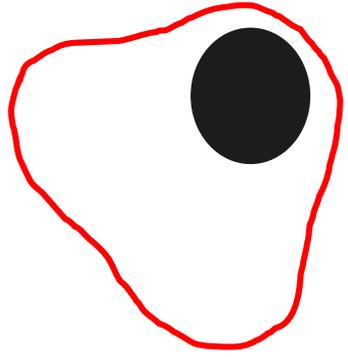
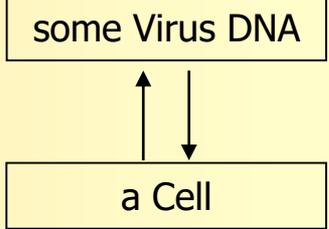
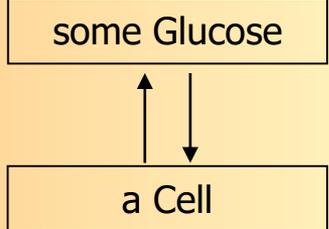
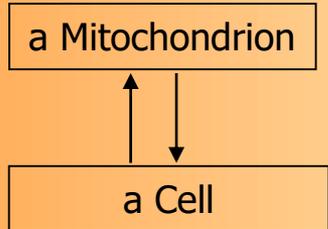
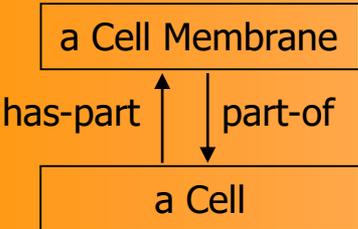


Fuzziness of Mereotopological Relations in Biology

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Containment



includes / containee-of

has-part / part-of

location-of / has-location

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- Open questions:
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Class level reading of mereotopological relations

$R(C_1, C_2)$ expression, e.g. *Includes(Cell, CellNucleus)*

Alternative, conflicting interpretations:

- expresses ontological dependencies
 - “each cell includes a cell nucleus” and / or
 - “each cell nucleus is included in a cell”
- permits possible relations
 - “a cell *may* include a cell nucleus”
- reject any assertion not sanctioned by a $R(C1, C2)$ expression:
 - ~~“there is a cell nucleus which included in a protein molecule”~~

Instance and Class level reading of mereotopological relations (I)

Instance level:

containeer-of, includes: transitive, reflexive, antisymmetric

$containeer-of(x,y) \leftrightarrow includes(y,x)$

Class level:

- class A is a **specific containee** of class B:

$$SC(A,B) =_{def} \forall x: instance-of(x, A) \rightarrow \exists y: instance-of(y, B) \wedge containee-of(y,x)$$

- class B is a **specific includer** of class A:

$$SI(B,A) =_{def} \forall y: instance-of(y, B) \rightarrow \exists x: instance-of(x, A) \wedge includes(y,x)$$

Instance and Class level reading of mereotopological relations (II)

- $SC(A,B)$ is not the inverse of $SI(B,A)$
- class A is an **obligatory containee** of class B
 $OC(A,B) \leftrightarrow_{def} SI(B,A)$
- class B is an **obligatory includer** of class A
 $OI(B,A) \leftrightarrow_{def} SC(A,B)$
- SC, SI, OC, OI : transitive, reflexive, antisymmetric
- SC and SI propagate via $Is-A$:
if A is a specific containee (includer) of B, every subclass of A is a specific containee (includer) of B, too
- OC and OI do not propagate via $Is-A$:
if A is an obligatory containee (includer) of B, not any subclass of A is an obligatory containee (includer) of B

Extended Taxonomies

- Express mereotopological hierarchies as taxonomies
- Purpose: Better performance in large knowledge bases
- Introduction of reificator nodes:
real classes:

$$Is-A(A, B_{SC}) =_{def} SC(A, B)$$

$$Is-A(A, B_{SI}) =_{def} SI(A, B)$$

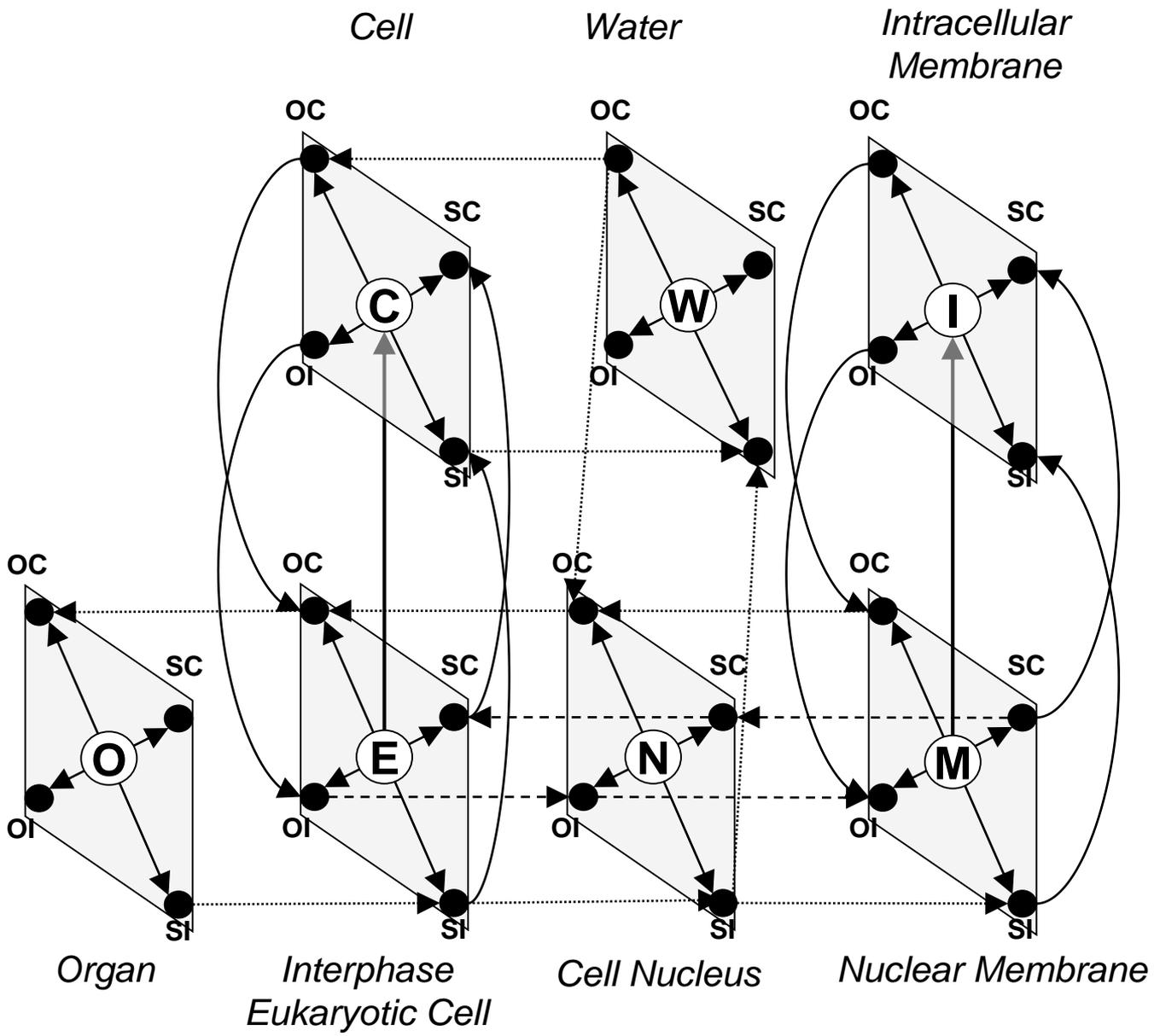
“pseudo classes” (do not capture properties of all instances !):

$$Is-A(A, B_{OC}) =_{def} OC(A, B)$$

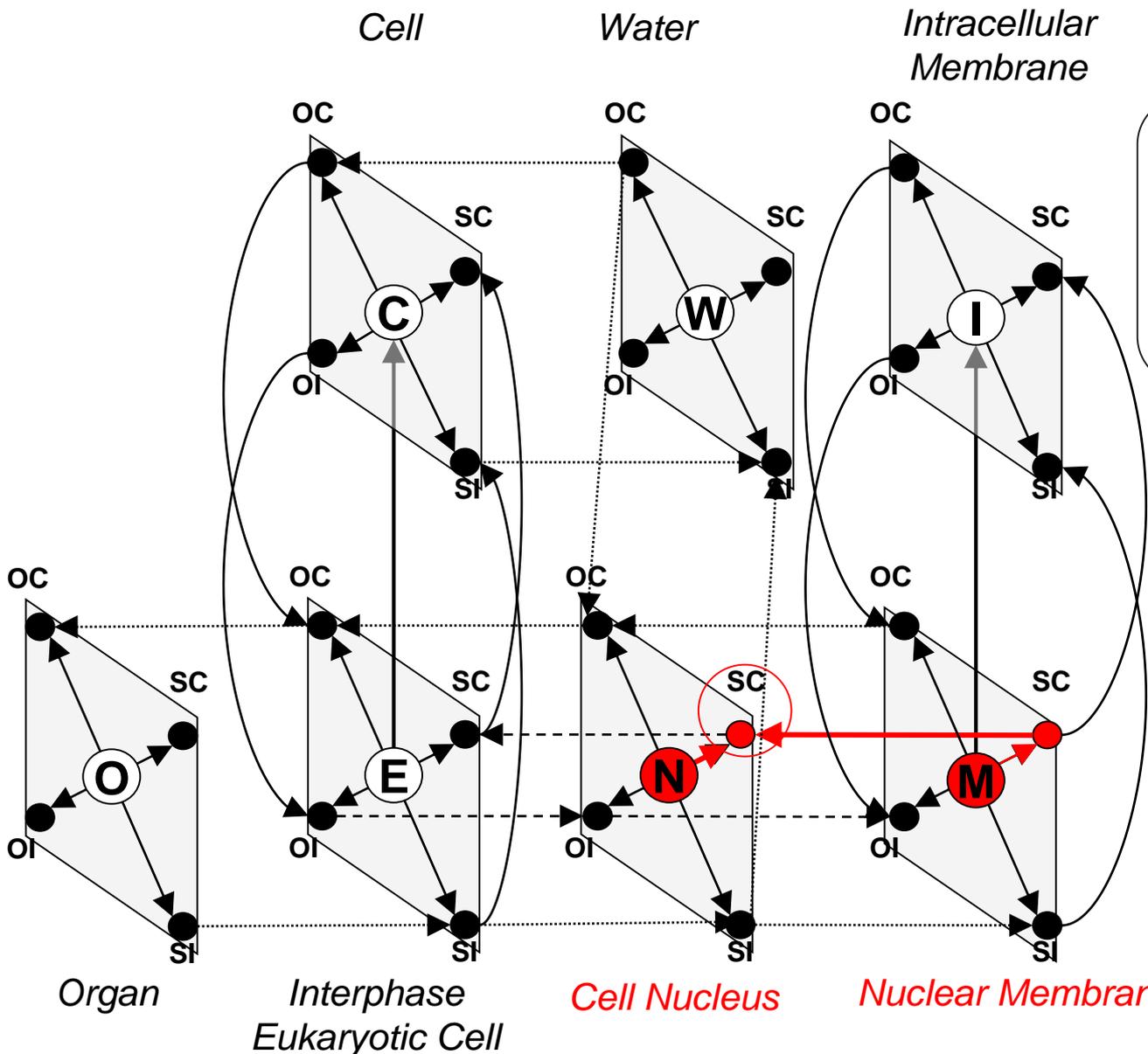
$$Is-A(A, B_{OI}) =_{def} OI(A, B)$$

} *A must be terminal nodes*

Extended Taxonomies

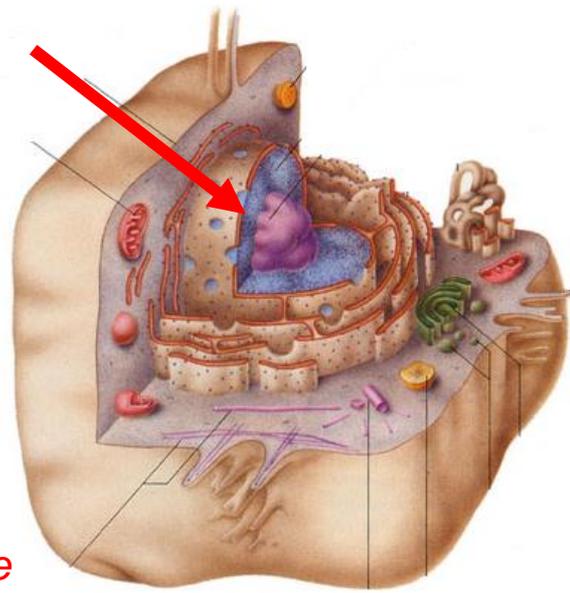


Extended Taxonomies



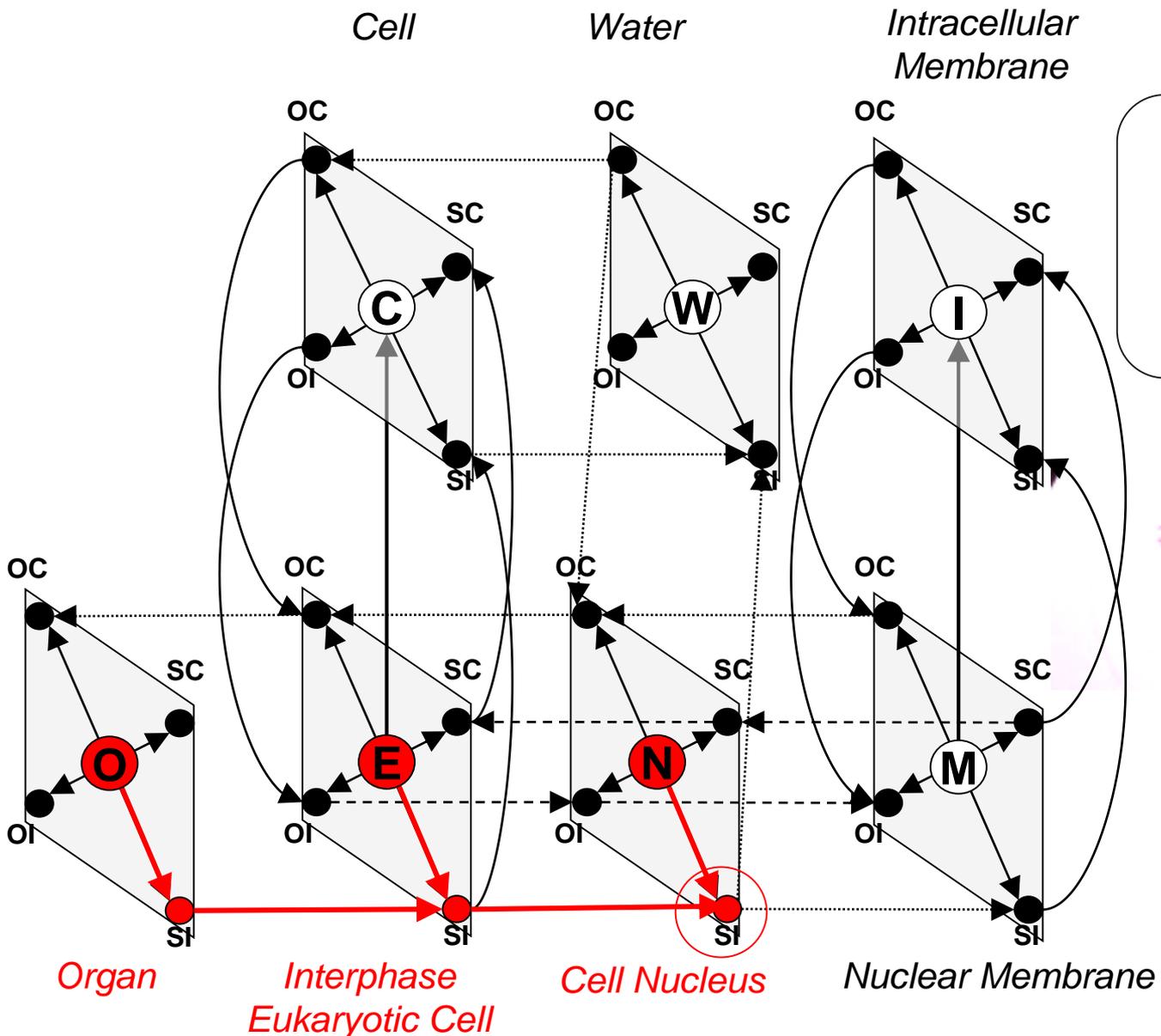
Specific Containees of Cell Nucleus

Cell Nucleus
Nuclear Membrane



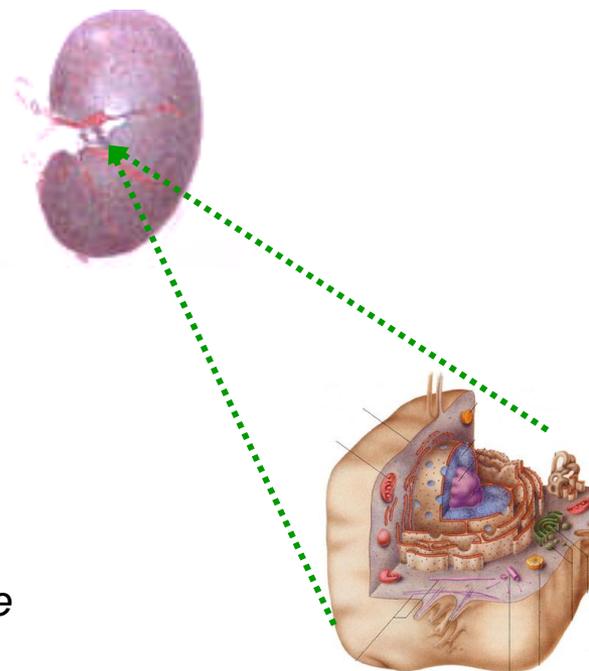
Cell Nucleus *Nuclear Membrane*

Extended Taxonomies

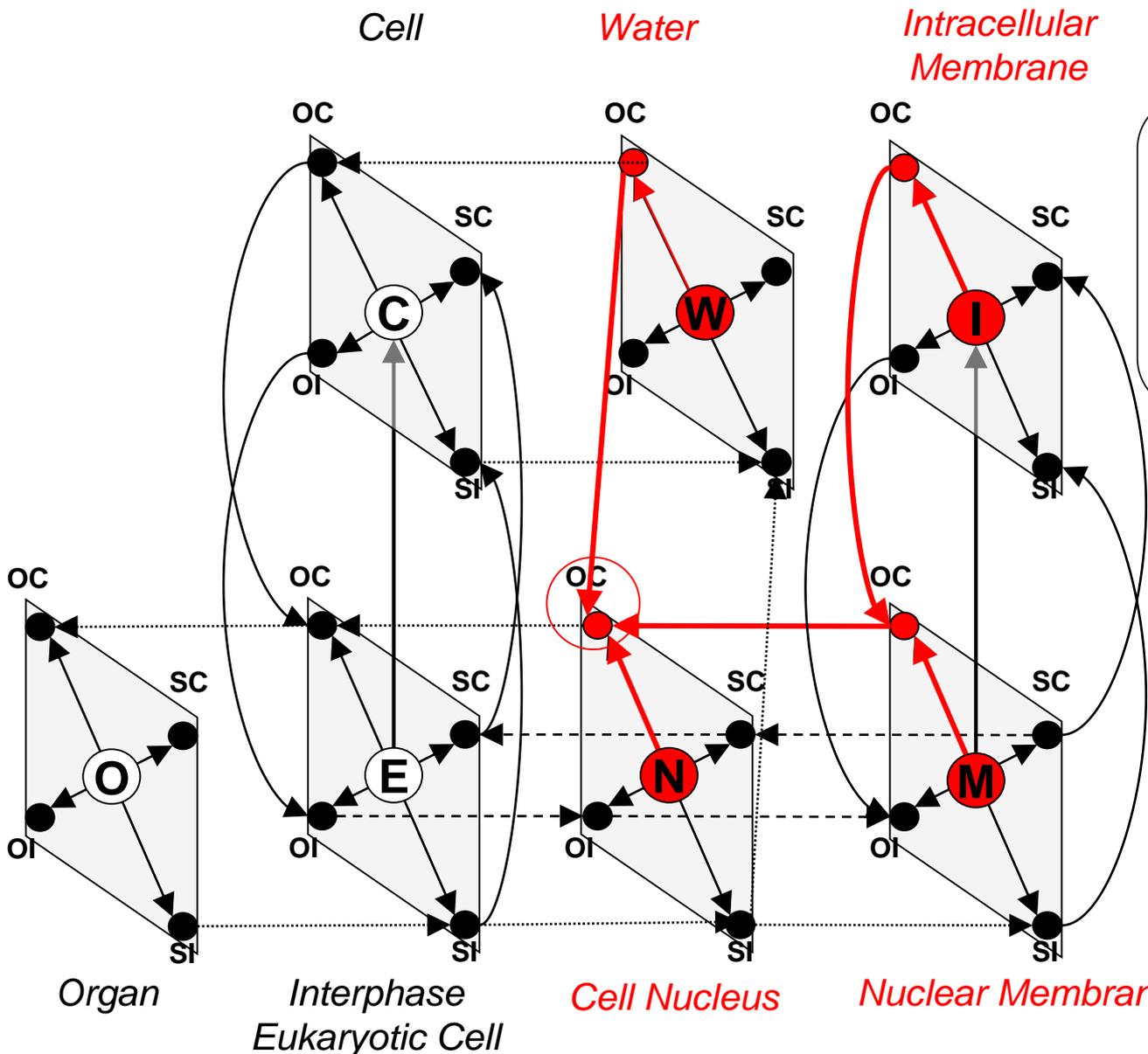


Specific Includers of Cell Nucleus

Interphase Eukaryotic Cell, Tissue, Organ, Blood, Organism (...)

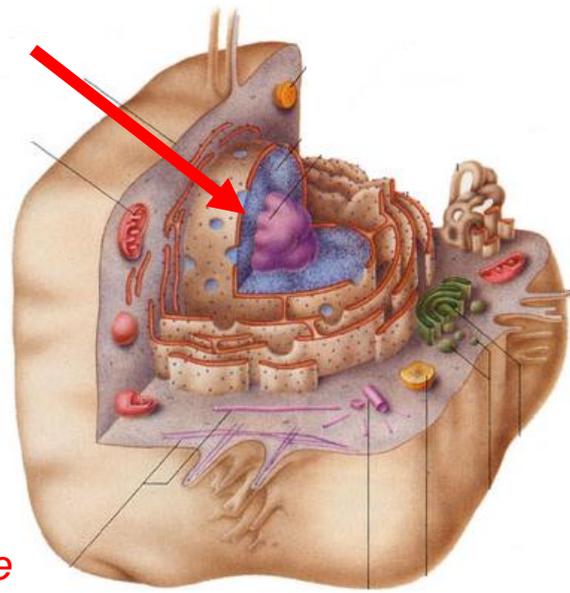


Extended Taxonomies

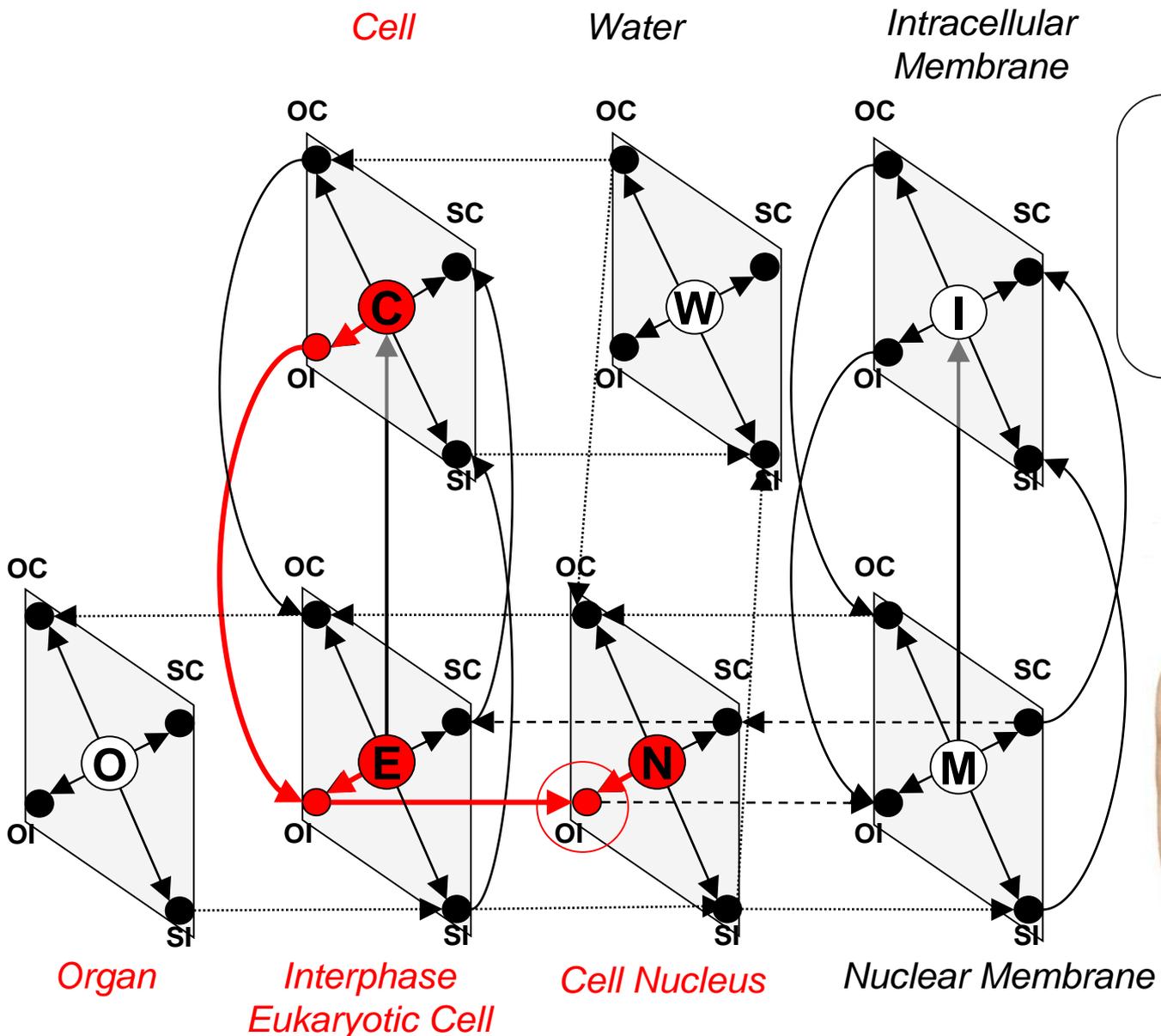


Obligatory Containees of Cell Nucleus

- Cell Nucleus
- Nuclear Membrane
- Intracellular Membrane
- Water

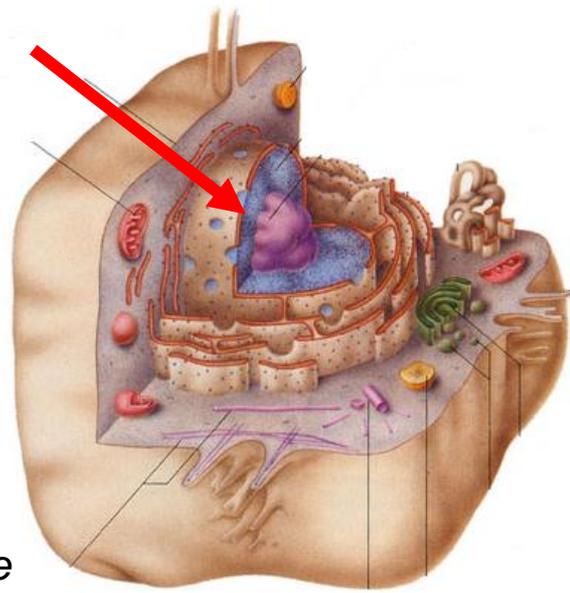


Extended Taxonomies



Obligatory Includers of Cell Nucleus

Interphase Eukaryotic Cell, Cell



Conclusion

- Capturing mereotopological basics in biomedical ontologies: Two recommendations:
 - Create consensus by conflating part-whole and locative relations to one base relation (containeer-of / includes)
 - Eliminate ambiguity by explicitly introducing class level relations with a precise semantics
- Using extended taxonomies: Improve reasoning in large knowledge bases
- To do: express other mereotopological relations (overlap, disconnectedness) in terms of class-level predicates

www.imbi.uni-freiburg.de/medinf